

National Plant Monitoring Scheme +

SPECIES IDENTIFICATION GUIDE



NPMS+

SUPPLEMENTARY SPECIES DENTIFICATION **GUIDE**

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Key







Traffic light system

Species with the symbol **G** are generally easier to identify; species with the symbol A may be harder to identify and additional information is provided, particularly on illustrations, to support you. Those with the symbol R may be confused with other species. In this instance distinguishing features are provided.



WF symbol

Species to record at the Wildflower Level.

J F M A M J J A S O N D

Flowering time

Highlighted months show flowering time.

Broad habitats

- Broadleaved woodland
- Native Pinewood & juniper scrub
- Arable field margins
- Brownfield sites
- Lowland grassland
- Upland grassland
- Meathland
- Bog & wet heath
- Marsh & fen
- Freshwater
- Rock outcrops, cliffs & screes
- Coast

Introduction

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This guide has been produced as a supplementary guide for those taking part in NPMS+. It covers species listed in the supplementary species list booklet for NPMS+. Please use this in conjunction with the National Plant Monitoring Scheme Species Identification Guide. There is an index at the back of this guide which lists the species by scientific and common names. *The New Flora of the British Isles* by Clive Stace (fourth edition) has been used as the reference for names. Where names have recently changed these are also shown.

How to use this guide

Wildflowers have been arranged in colour sections indicated by the coloured strips on the edge of each page. Groups of species that are more difficult to identify are included in separate sections. These include grasses, sedges, rushes, wood-rushes, and shrubs and trees. Within each section, species are in alphabetical order based on their scientific name. Both the English and scientific names for each plant are given as well as information about flowering times, plant size and other key features.

Species lists for NPMS+ habitats are provided in a separate supplementary booklet. Species for the National Plant Monitoring Scheme can be found in the identification guide for the core national scheme. Where possible, try to identify the fine habitat you are recording in and use the corresponding species list. All plants included in this guide are included on the Indicator Species Lists and should be recorded if you are surveying at Indicator or Inventory Level. For those recording at the Wildflower Level, record only those plants with the WF symbol. A traffic light system has been used in all sections (see key opposite). In order to help with identification, the appendix at the back of this guide provides an illustration of a wildflower, fern, grass, rush and sedge with key features labelled.



Achillea millefolium Yarrow

Umbel-like heads of small white (rarely pink) flowers on

tough stems.









LEAVES AND STEMS Very dissected feathery leaves which smell aromatic when crushed.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife

Arenaria serpyllifolia Thyme-leaved Sandwort



Delicate, multi-branched stems terminate in sparse clusters of tiny, white, 5-entire-petalled flowers. Green sepals are long and pointed, extending beyond the petals.

LEAVES AND STEMS Slender stems are low and spreading, up to 25cm tall bearing tiny thyme-like leaves.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlif

Bellis perennis Daisv

Erect flower stems to 15cm bearing solitary white flowerheads 1.5-3cm across, with yellow disc florets and slender white ray florets, often reddish below.

LEAVES AND STEMS Spoon-shaped leaves all in a basal rosette.



© Luke Morton/Plantlife





Cerastium fontanumCommon Mouse-ear









White flowers 3-12mm across with 5 notched petals about the same length as sepals.

LEAVES AND STEMS Paired leaves and stems all very hairy.



© Liam Rooney



Conopodium majus Pignut



A

Delicate umbels 3-7cm across of tiny white flowers.

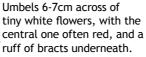
LEAVES AND STEMS Upper leaves very divided with linear segments. The smooth stem, 30-50cm tall, becomes hollow after flowering.



© Cath Shellswell/Plantlife

Daucus carotaWild Carrot





LEAVES AND STEMS Fern-like leaves clasping roughly hairy, solid, ridged stems. Up to 100cm tall.





M Cotteri



Fallopia japonica Japanese Knotweed





Dense clusters of small, creamy-white flowers are arranged in narrow tassel-like panicles up to 10cm long.

LEAVES AND STEMS
Purple-red shoots emerge in spring, developing into dense stands (<200cm high). Leaves alternate, broadly triangular with truncated bases.

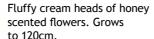








Filipendula ulmaria Meadowsweet



LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves long-stalked, with 2-5 pairs of toothed, larger leaflets with small leaflets in between.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Heracleum sphondylium Hogweed

Robust herb to 200cm or more. Umbels up to 20cm across of small white or pinkish flowers.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves large, to 60cm, divided, clasping hollow, ridged stems.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife

L d p

Leucanthemum vulgare Oxeye daisy









Long-stalked, large, white, daisy-like flowerheads on a plant to 70cm tall.

LEAVES AND STEMS
Basal rosette of long-stalked,
spoon-shaped leaves. Stem
leaves toothed and stalkless.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Linus catharticum Fairy Flax

Slender herb to 25cm tall bearing branching, very open clusters of 5-petalled white flowers, each 4-6mm across.

LEAVES AND STEMS
Opposite pairs of narrow,
hairless, stalkless leaves to
8mm long.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Rubus fruticosus agg. Bramble

Variable scrambling shrub 1-3m with arching stems. Flowers white or pink, 20-30mm across, black fruits with many parts.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves with 3-5 hairy or prickly, toothed leaflets. Stem spiny, prickly or hairy.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



small,

yellow flowers

leaves

8-12

linear in whorls of

Carlina vulgaris Carline Thistle



Straw-coloured flowerheads to 4cm across.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves with wavy, spiny lobes. Spiny stems.











Golden-yellow flowers 2-3mm across on a creeping plant to 60cm tall.

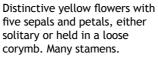
LEAVES AND STEMS Dark green, linear leaves in whorls of 8-12 around the weakly 4-angled stems.



© Beth Newman/Plantlife



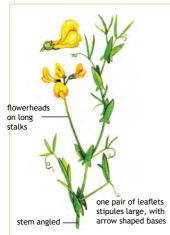
Hypericum spp. St John's-worts



LEAVES AND STEMS
Usually small plants
characterised by opposite
leaves with translucent
glands. Stipules and petioles
absent.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Lathyrus pratensis Meadow Vetchling









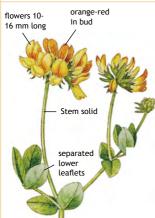


Scrambling herb with longstalked clusters of 5-12 yellow pea flowers.

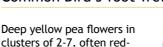
LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves with narrow, greygreen leaflets, tendrils, and leaf-like, arrow-shaped stipules. Stem angled.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Lotus corniculatus Common Bird's-foot Trefoil



LEAVES AND STEMS
Leaves with 5 narrowly oval
leaflets, the lower 2 bent back
by the stem so that leaves
appear trefoil. No tendrils.

tinged. Calyx teeth erect, not

bent back, in bud.

Stem solid.



© Beth Halski

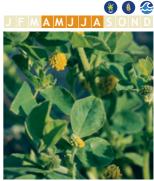


terminal tooth

*Medicago lupulina*Black Medick

Downy, upright herb to 60cm with rounded flowerheads 3-9mm across of 10-50 yellow flowers followed by black, coiled fruits.

LEAVES AND STEMS
Trifoliate leaves, with a tiny
point in the notch at the tip
of each leaflet.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



flowers pale yellov

Oenothera spp. Evening Primroses





Stems terminate in clustered inflorescences of showy, yellow flowers. Petals 4, sepals 4, both easily detached and lost. Flowers develop from the axils of reduced leaves

LEAVES AND STEMS
Stems tall, robust and solitary.
Leaves alternate and entire,
usually lanceolate.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife





Pilosella officinarum Mouse-ear Hawkweed

Single pale yellow flowerheads 15-25mm across. Florets with red stripes underneath.

LEAVES AND STEMS Hairy, spoon-shaped leaves in a basal rosette, white underneath, green on top.



© free photos (CC BY 2.0)

Potentilla reptans Creeping Cinquefoil

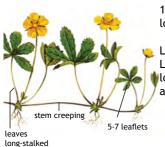
Yellow, 5-petalled flowers.

17-25mm across, on long stalks.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves with 5 or 7 leaflets on long stalks. Stems all creeping and rooting.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



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Pulicaria dysenterica Common Fleabane



Large, golden, daisy-like flowerheads (15-30mm across) appear in loose, flat-topped clusters. Ray florets longer than involucral bracts.

LEAVES AND STEMS Lanceolate leaves with wavy margins clasp upright stems. Entire plant is sparsely hairy.



Ranunculus acris







Shiny yellow flowers with sepals cupping the petals. No runners.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves with a polygonal outline, 3-5 deeply divided lobes. Flower stalk ungrooved.



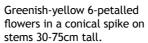
© Ray Woods



Reseda lutea Wild Migonette







LEAVES AND STEMS Basal rosette and stem leaves divided with narrow lobes. Stems ribbed, solid, branched.



© Beth Halski



rattle inside

leaves narrow

toothed stem black spotted



inflates after

flowering

Reseda luteola Weld





Greenish-yellow 4-petalled flowers in a long, narrow spike on stems 50-150cm tall.

LEAVES AND STEMS All leaves long, thin and unlobed and with a wavy margin.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife







More or less hairless plant to 50cm tall with leafy spikes of yellow 2-lipped flowers.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves unstalked, opposite, narrow and toothed. Stem black-spotted.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Sedum acre **Biting Stonecrop**

Mat-forming plant to 10cm tall with yellow, 5-petalled, starlike flowers in small groups at the end of stems.

LEAVES AND STEMS Fleshy, egg-shaped, evergreen leaves 3-5mm long.



© Bob Gibbons/Plantlife



Senecio squalidus Oxford Ragwort



Yellow daisy-like flowerheads (16-20mm across) are held in loose arrangements atop glabrous stems. Bell-shaped involucres bear black-tipped

LEAVES AND STEMS Stems can be spreading and bushy. Leaves glossy, highly variable. All lobes narrow.





Taraxacum officinale agg. Dandelion





Flowerheads yellow, solitary (3-6cm across). Achene fruits arranged in conspicuous clocks. Involucral bracts arranged in 2 rows.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leafless flowering stems arise from rosettes of highly variable, broadly-lanceolate leaves. Hollow stalks release milky sap.



Verbascum spp. Mulleins





Erect inflorescences. Flowers typically solitary, yellow or white, stalked with a bract beneath. Calyx and corolla divided into 5 deep, equal lobes

LEAVES AND STEMS Stems are erect and often ridged, emerging from a basal rosette of ovatelanceolate leaves. Stem leaves decurrent.



© Beth Newman-Plantlife





Anacamptis spp. Orchids (Pyramidal)



Hot purple-pink flowers held in a dense, conical inflorescence atop solitary flowering stems. Outer tepals spreading, others overlap to form a hood. Spur present.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves oblong-lanceolate, to 15cm long, with basal keels which clasp the flowering stem.



Ballota nigra Black Horehound





Pink-to-lilac flowers arranged in whorls. Upper lip of the flower forms a hairy hood, lower lip smooth and 4-lobed.

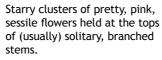
LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves are oval, hairy and rough, with a serrated margin. Rotten smell released when crushed.



© Malcolm Storey bioimages

Centaurium erythraeaCommon Centaury





LEAVES AND STEMS
Basal rosette of oval leaves
from which the glabrous stem
emerges (to 50cm). Stem
leaves arranged in pairs.

distinct basal rosette



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Dactylorhiza spp. Orchids (Common Spotted/Marsh)



Highly variable group due to hybridization. Large spikes of purple-pink (sometimes white) flowers, with dark purple markings. Spurs present.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves oblong-lanceolate, sometimes spotted, basal leaves possess sheaths which hug the solitary, erect stem.





Erica cinerea Bell Heather





Shrub to 50cm with reddishpurple bell flowers 0.5-0.6cm long.

> LEAVES AND STEMS Dark green hairless leaves in 3s.



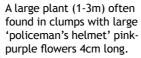
leaves hairless and dark green in 3s

© Deborah Long/Plantlife









LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves with small red teeth at edge, in whorls of 3 or opposite. Reddish stem.









Geranium dissectum Cut-leaved Crane's-bill





Densely hairy sepals subtend small, 5-petalled purplepink flowers on short stalks. Petals are notched and barely exceed the sepals. Carpels pubescent.

LEAVES AND STEMS
Straggling, hairy stems
(<60cm). Red bracts
positioned on stalk junctions.
Alternate leaves deeply lobed,
almost to the leaf base.



© Malcolm Storey





Malva moschata Musk Mallow

Leaf axils bear solitary showy rose-pink flowers (3-6cm across) with five deeply notched petals. Petals three times longer than the sepals

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves are deeply divided into narrow, linear lobes (less divided towards the base). Stems hairy and erect.



© Malcolm Storey



leaves

Odontites verna Red Bartsia

Hooded purple-pink flowers (8-10mm long) are positioned in pairs in the upper leaf axils. Corolla divided into two lips. Bracts leaf-like.

LEAVES AND STEMS
Opposite, toothed, oblong
leaves on red stems (<50cm
tall). Whole plant is dusted
with fine hairs.





Ophrys apifera Bee Orchid





Three bright pink sepals frame the velvety-brown labellum of the flower which has evolved to mimic the abdomen of a female bumblebee.

LEAVES AND STEMS Short, stocky stem (<45cm) emerges from a rosette of 5-6 leaves, with two leaves hugging the stem to create a sheath.



flower heads dense with soft hairy calyx

Trifolium arvense Hare's-foot Clover

teeth conspicuous Rosy pink flowers (3-6mm long) arranged in dense cylindrical inflorescences. Long, silky hairs fringe the sepals and create a fluffy appearance.

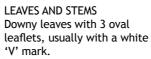
> LEAVES AND STEMS Branched stems reach <20cm. Stipules with pointed apices. Trefoil leaves with narrow. elongated leaflets.



© Cath Shellswell

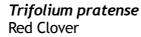
Red Clover

Unstalked purple flowerheads to 3cm on a sprawling plant to 50cm.





© Beth Halski/Plantlife





Buddleja davidii **Butterfly Bush**







1-5m shrub with spikes of fragrant lilac (sometimes purple or white) flowers.

LEAVES AND STEMS Greyish oval leaves. Long arching stems.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife

© A_Coruña_Drow male CC-BY-SA 4.0

flowers pink-purple

Calluna vulgaris Heather









tight rows

Bushy evergreen shrub to 60cm. Pinky-purple flowers, 4mm long, in long, dense spikes.

LEAVES AND STEMS Tiny scale-like leaves, in 4 tight rows, pressed against stem.



© Deborah Long/Plantlife



Centaurea nigra Common Knapweed

Stems terminate in solitary. thistle-like flower heads. Overlapping, bristled, brown bracts form a hard, globose involucre, subtending a crown of pink-purple florets

LEAVES AND STEMS Ridged stems are upright and branched, to 100cm tall. Upper leaves linear, lower leaves lobed and hairy.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Cirsium arvense **Creeping Thistle**



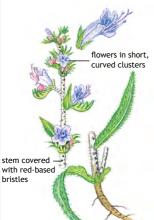


Far-creeping herb. Flowerheads in open clusters, 20mm x 10-15mm, pinkishpurple.

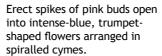
LEAVES AND STEMS Lower leaves stalked, upper clasping stem, all deeply divided with spiny edges. Flowering stem to 1m tall, unwinged and spineless.



© Beth Halski/Plantlife



Echium vulgare Viper's Bugloss



LEAVES AND STEMS Basal rosette of lanceolate leaves with prominent midrib venation. Up to 75cm, entire plant is rough and hairy.





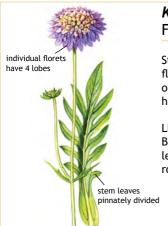
Erigeron acer Blue Fleabane

A loose arrangement of closedcup shaped flowerheads (12-18mm across). Erect, lilac outer ray florets slightly longer than the cluster of dullyellow inner disc florets.

LEAVES AND STEMS Stem leaves sessile and alternate along the slender upright stem. Both covered in rough white hairs.







Knautia arvensisField Scabious





Stout plant to 75cm. Rounded flowerheads 30-40mm across on hairy stalks, each flower having 4 lobes.

LEAVES AND STEMS Basal leaves unlobed, stem leaves deeply divided, all roughly hairy.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife





Prunella vulgaris Self-heal

Violet-blue flowers 10-15mm in a compact head at the top of the stem up to 20cm tall.

LEAVES AND STEMS Hairy leaves, oval to diamondshaped, often purple tinged. Plant often mat-forming.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife







flowers in spikes from leaf-axils

Veronica officinalis Heath Speedwell

Creeping herb with upright flower spikes. Long-stalked clusters of 4-petalled lilac flowers, each on a 2mm stalk, in leaf axils. Fruit heart-shaped.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves in opposite pairs, no stalk, shallowly toothed. Stem hairy all round.



© C Gibson

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long, narrow clusters of flowers leaves ending in branched tendrils

Vicia cracca Tufted Vetch







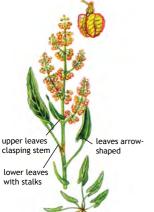


Scrambling herb to 2m bearing long-stalked, narrow, onesided clusters of many bluepurple pea flowers.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves with 8-13 pairs of narrow leaflets and branched tendrils at tips.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Rumex acetosa Common Sorrel





Flowers greenish-red in loose spikes on plant 30-80cm tall.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves arrow-shaped at base to 10cm. Lower leaves stalked, upper clasping stem.



© Beth Halski/Plantlife



Rumex acetosella Sheep's Sorrel







Flowers greenish-red in loose spikes on plant to 30cm tall.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves arrow-shaped at base to 4 cm long with sidelobes spreading or pointing forwards. All leaves stalked.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Artemisia vulgaris Mugwort



Erect spikes of branched, somewhat leafy inflorescences bear panicles of inconspicuous pale green, egg-shaped flowerheads.

LEAVES AND STEMS Stems are upright, to 150cm tall, with purplish-red tinge and a wide pith. Leaves are extensively divided, with fine white hairs on the lower surface. Aromatic fragrance when crushed.



© Malcolm Storey bioimages



Gnaphalium spp. and Filago spp. Cudweeds



Flowerheads arranged in dense, sessile clusters in the leaf axils. Florets small and vellow-to-brown, involucral bracts brown, sometimes reddish tipped.

LEAVES AND STEMS Both leaves and seedheads covered in woolly fibres.

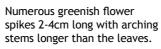


Plantago coronopus Buck's-horn Plantain









LEAVES AND STEMS Basal rosette of deeply lobed, narrow leaves up to 20cm long.





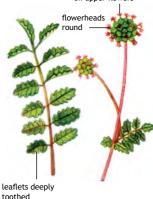


Poterium sanguisorba (Sanguisorba minor) Salad Burnet









Upright plant to 40cm bearing round heads of tiny greenish flowers.

LEAVES AND STEMS Basal rosette of leaves with 4-12 pairs of toothed leaflets. Stem leaves smaller.

CONFUSED WITH

Great Burnet (Sanguisorba officinalis). Great Burnet is much larger in all parts (to 1m).



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife

Urtica dioica Common Nettle

Patch-forming plant with stinging hairs and tassels of tiny flowers.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves pointed and toothed in opposite pairs. Square stems.







© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Agrostis spp. Bent Grasses



Flowers arranged in whorled panicles, with single flowers in each spikelet.

LEAVES AND STEMS Upright perennial grasses growing in tufts. Their delicate appearance creates a misty effect when in flower.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Anthoxanthum odoratum Sweet Vernal-grass



Short (c.20cm) perennial grass with sweet smelling roots. Cylindrical flower spikes. Spikelets with a bent awn.

LEAVES AND STEMS Stems stiff, leaf sheaths and leaves sparsley hairy, leaves broad.



© S Hammonds



Arrhenatherum elatius False Oat-grass



Up to 180cm tall, terminating in loose, graceful panicles (10-30cm) of shining, oat-like spikelets. Each spikelet bears two flowers. Conspicuous, bristly awns.

LEAVES AND STEMS Loosely tufted habit with broad, linear, apically pointed leaves, all covered in fine hairs.





Cynosurus cristatus Crested Dog's-tail



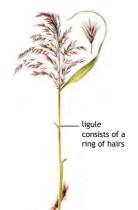


Short perennial grass with short-awned spikelets, arranged on a slender, unbranched spike. Flower stem exposed on one side.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaf hairless to 4mm wide, finely pointed tip and short. blunt ligule



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlif



Phragmites australis Common Reed

Plumes of branched, feathery panicles (<40cm long) emerge dark purple and transition to brown. Spikelets 2- to 6-flowered, with lemmas covered in silky white hairs.

LEAVES AND STEMS Robust stems shoot up from creeping rhizomes to form extensive stands <3m high. Linear leaves arch downwards. Ligules are a dense fringes of bristly, short hairs.



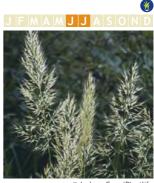
© Malcolm Storey bioimages



Trisetum flavescens Yellow Oat-grass

Yellow-tinted inflorescence are arranged in clustered branches to form an elegant, crowded spikelets with 2-4 flowers each. Long, bent awns protrude from the flowers.

LEAVES AND STEMS Elegant stems form loose tufts <80cm. Leaves flat (2-10mm wide) with sparse hairs on their upper surface



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife

Betula pubescens / Betula pendula Downy Birch / Silver Birch











Deciduous tree to 25m. Male catkins 3-6cm, female shorter. Record as Betula pendula / Betula pubescens.

LEAVES AND STEMS Leaves triangular, serrated. Bark brownish or silver, peeling.



© P Shannor

© Tracy Houston Durrant_CC-BY 4.0

Salix spp. Willows

Flowers are borne in catkins, often appearing before leaves, male flowers with 2-many stamens, female flowers with bifid styles. Fruits 2-valved capsules.

LEAVES AND STEMS Deciduous tree and shrubs with green-to-greyish elongated elliptic, ovate or lance-shaped leaves arranged alternately. Buds covered by a single outer scale.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Luzula campestris Field Woodrush

Typically 3-5 rounded brown flower heads held on short stalks (1 sessile) in a loose panicle, tepals dark chestnut brown, conspicuous pale yellow anthers.

LEAVES AND STEMS Short stems emerge in tufts from a rosette of strap-like leaves. Leaves coated with fine, long, white hairs.



© Andrew Gagg/Plantlife



Common name

Bee Orchid15
Bell Heather13
Bent Grasses22
Biting Stonecrop10
Black Horehound12
Black Meddick 7
Blue Fleabane17
Bramble 5
Buckshorn Plantain20
Butterfly Bush16
Carline Thistle6
Common Bird's-foot-trefoil7
Common Centuary12
Common Fleabane 9
Common Knapweed16
Common Mouse-ear 3
Common Nettle21
Common Reed23
Common Sorrel19
Creeping Cinquefoil8
Creeping Thistle17
Crested Dog's-tail23
Cudweeds20
Cut-leaved Crane's-bill14
Daisy 2
Dandelion11
Evening Primroses 8
Fairy Flax 5
False Oat-grass22
Field Scabious18
Field Woodrush24
Hare's-foot Clover15
Heath Speedwell18
Heather16
Himalayan Balsam13
Hogweed 4
Japanese Knotweed 4
Lady's Bedstraw6
Meadow Buttercup9
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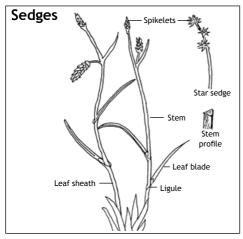
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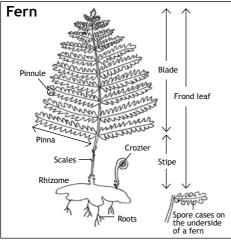
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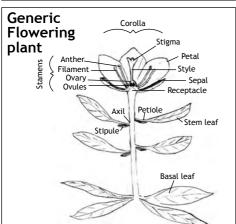
Scientific name

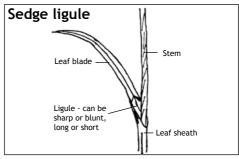
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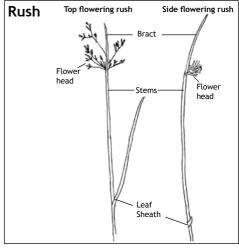
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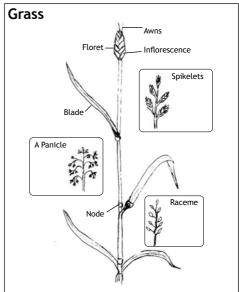














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